

#### MODEL: M -2000

#### CURCUIT\_DESCRIPTION

We are sure that you could understand an entire circuitry more precisely by use of the diagram of power amp section together with the whole block diagram. As for the signal paths, both channels are identical with only the difference of the TR number. Therefore only the left channel diagram is shown, and explanation is made accordingly. Transistors are marked with Q.

#### 1) Emitter Follower Circuit

Output signals of a control amplifier etc. are led to the input terminals (MAIN IN) of this power amp, and level-controlled at the input level control of a detent volume equivalent to the high-grade attenuator with 22 contact-points of 1dB decrement. Then fed into the Emitter Follower Circuit, which is, different from the ordinary one, composed by two transistors Q101 and Q102. The former is for emitter follower of Q101.

Signals are impedance-converted through this circuit, and therefore electrical isolation is made between the output stage of a control amp and the pre-driver circuit of this amplifier to eliminate interference between both circuits. Thus stable amplification with low distortion is attained.

#### 2) Pre-Driver Circuit

Signals converted into low impedance at emitter follower circuit are then fed to the two-stage differential amplifier, a kind of balanced DC amplifying circuit, to meet voltage amplification. The differential amplifier is always stable against possible fluctuation of mains voltage and temperature drift, and has been widely used as Operational Amplifier with IC's in computors or measurement instruments etc. The two PNP transistors Q201, Q202 for the 1st stage differentail amplifier are arranged quite symmetrically, and the emiter of the both transistors are connected to (+) power supply through a common resistor. The base of Q201 accepts the input signal, while that of Q2O2 accepts the feedback signal. Due to adoption of the two transistors of the same standard, equivalent current is to the base of the both transistors. As emitter current for two pieces will rise up accordingly, which corresponds to negative feedback. On the other hand, if subtle (+) potential may appear at the speaker terminals by the drift of transistors caused by other factors but signals, for instance, the raise up of temperature , this (+) potential is led to the base of Q202 via the feedback circuit, when (+) signal of the same phase will appear at the emitter resistor. In this case, the potential at the emitter resistor of Q201 varies to (+), which reduces the collector current to have (-) potential at collector. The voltage is amplified by the 2nd differential amplifier by the 2nd differential amplifier Q203, Q204, which makes the (+) potential stable at the speaker terminals, and makes it possible to keep balanced 0 potential.

The 2nd differential amplifier operates same as the 1st one, though not perfectly symmetrical. The constant current drive by Q205 is applied, since this stage aims at voltage amplification. The emitter follower circuit is arranged annexed to the differential amplifier with a pair of Q206 and Q207. (Q206 is for the emitter follower and Q207 is for its constant current driving.) Therefore, impedance flucuation caused by the speaker loads would not affect the pre-driver stage.

With this pre-driver circuit, stable driving with low distortion is feasible up to high frequency range with smaller phase compensation comparing with conventional high power amplifiers. As for the power supply circuit for class "A" operation sections up to the differential stage, a real automatic voltage regulator is adopted to avoid bad influence which may possibly be caused by the flucuation of AC mains voltage or the current flucuation in the power amplifier section.

#### 3) Power Output Circuit

Adopted is a pure complementary push-pull circuit composed by the power transistors of NPN group and PNP group. In order to produce such a high power of 120W/ch, parallel pushpull stages utilizing 4 power transistors designed for high power output are arranged at the final stage. Thus sufficient driving of various type of the speaker systems is feasible.

The parallel configuration of the power transistors at the final stage allows the instant collector-dissipation increase in accordance with the number of the transistor, which produces enough margin, and at the same time makes it possible to utilize better linearity portion of the hfe-ic characteristics of each transistor to lower the distortion characteristic.

Further the quiescent current of 35mA in the single push-pull configuration will be doubled into 70mA in the parallel push-pull configuration, which means the distortion characteristic is improved even at the low output level.

#### 4) Bias Circuit

The adjustment of the quiescent current at the final stage is make by a thermal diode and the transistor Q208. The diode compensates the excessive heat and the temperature drift.

#### 5) Protection Circuit

The OCL circuit, in which the speaker system is directly connected to the amplifier, is ideal in the point that the input signal is delevered most faithfully. But this circuit is always accompanied by the danger that any abnormal factors aroused in the amplifier will be delivered to the speaker system without barrier. On the other hand, electronic components will increase in its number in proportion with improvements of the circuit design, and it is hard to foresee every trouble that may happen, even if the most severe selection is made for the superior components. Necessity is here to have the protection circuits. The most important in the operation of the protection circuitry is reliability and speed. Therefore the sensitivity should be as high as possible in the range of the safety operation.

The protection circuits of the M-2000 have to be designed not to be mis-functioned by the current of music reproduction signal. The block diagram will help you understand the outline of the protection circuits.

As to the over-current sensing, when excessive current, which may break the power transistors, appears, the current is once restrained electronically to keep the operation of the power teansistors in the S.O.A. (Safe Operation Area). And in case the restraint time lasts over a certain time, the mains power is shut off by fuses.

Furthermore, the D.C. Drift Sensing is adopted, which protects the speaker system by cutting off the output when some +3V D.C. is detected at the speaker terminals. This also operates as the muting circuit which protects the speaker system from transient phenomena cuased by the AC power being turned on.

Thus the M-2000 is eqipped with double protection circuits. One is for protection of speaker systems, and another is for protection of the amplifier.



0 00000 PB1048 \_\_\_\_\_ PEAK INDICATOR CIRCUIT 1 g E <u>PB1047</u> -PROTECTOR & AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE REGULATOR 0 00 4 0 4 Ð e -O

P.C.B. LOCATION



1720V 94V-0







PB-1011



## M-2000 REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

PB-1045 (Resistors; -5%, 1/4W unless otherwise noted.)

DOOD I	11 512	27	P200	2 22		BY		R215	150		ЗX
R201	4.7K	3Y	R208	3.3K							3Y
202	33K 1/2W	lY	209	3.3K		3X		216	478		
203	220	lY	210	1.2K	3	BY		217	47K	(1/2W	2X
	220	1Y	1 1	JAMPER				218	100	1/2W	2Y
204			212			3X		219	8.28		lX
205	33K 1/2W	lY	213	150		3X					
206	56K	ЗҮ	214	47K	3	BY		220	10	lW	2X
207	39K	ЗҮ									
							I	l.			
(-)	• · • •	$(\mathbf{M})$	1	(c)	tyrol,	(P).	nolu	ooton i	Film		
	electrolytic,	(M): my		(5): 51	tyroi,	(P):	роту	ester			
(T): t	antalum,	(C): ce	ramic		•						
C201	220pF	С			211	luF	100V				1X
202	1.2uF 250V	Р		ЗҮ	212 0	0.0luF		С			1X
203	10uF 16V	Т		ЗҮ	213	luF	100V	Έ			lY
		T		3Y	214	luF	100V				2Y
204							T004				lY
205	470pF	С		3X	1	0.01uF		C C			
206	47uF 10V	Т		ЗҮ	216	luF	100V				14
207	110pF	С		ЗҮ	217	luF	100V	ν E			1Y
208	33pF	c		ЗX		047uF	50V				2X
				1X	219	100pF	500V				ЗX
209	47uF 10V	E			273	TOOL	3000				
210	luF 100V	E		lX							
								-1			
Q201	2SA931	3Y	Q205			32					
202	2SA931	ЗХ	206		1507	32					
203	2SC1507	зх	207	1 2SC	1507	21	Y	1			
				1			-				
204	2SC1507	ЗХ	208			12					
204	2SC1507	3X									
204 D201	2SC1507 VD-1221	3X 									
204	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221	3X 3X 2X									
204 D201 202 203	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03	3X 3X 2X 2X	208	2809	945						
204 D201 202 203 PB-104 R301 302 303 304 305	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 <u>+6</u> (Resistors; <u>+</u> 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y Y Y Y	208	2503 erwise no 100 100 0.33	945 oted.) 5W						
204 D201 202 203 PB-10 <sup>1</sup> R301 302 303 304	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 <u>+6</u> (Resistors; <u>+</u> 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y Y	208 mless oth R308 309 311	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W	1: x x x-y					
204 D201 202 203 PB-104 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 +6 (Resistors; ± 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF	3X 3X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y X Y X X M Y X	208 mless oth R308 309 311	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W	1: x x x-y					
204 D201 202 203 PB-104 R301 302 303 304 C301 302 303 304	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 +6 (Resistors; ± 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF 0.02uF	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y Y X Y X X X Y Y X X Y Y	208 mless oth R308 309 311	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W	1: x x x-y					
204 D201 202 203 PB-104 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 +6 (Resistors; ± 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y Y X Y X X X Y Y X X Y Y	208 mless oth R308 309 311	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W	1: x x x-y					
204 D201 202 203 PB-104 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303 304 305 304 305	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 <u>+6</u> (Resistors; <u>+</u> 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF 0.02uF 0.1uF 250V	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W 0 Y X Y Y Y X X X X Z Z Z	208 mless oth R308 309 311	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W 5W	1: X X X-Y Y			S1555		
204 D201 202 203 PB-101 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303 304 305 Q301	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 46 (Resistors; ± 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF 0.02uF 0.1uF 250V 2SC945 or 2S	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y X Y Y Y X X X Z X X X X X X X X X X X	208 mless oth 309 311 312	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W 5W	1: X X X-Y Y					
204 D201 202 203 PB-101 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303 304 305 Q301 302	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 <u>46</u> (Resistors; <u>+</u> 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF 0.02uF 0.1uF 250V 2SC945 or 2S 2SC1431 or 2	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y Y Y Y Y Y X X Z X X X X X X X X X X X	208 mless oth 309 311 312	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W 5W	1: X X X-Y Y		1	S1555		
204 D201 202 203 PB-101 R301 302 303 304 305 307 C301 302 303 304 305 Q301	2SC1507 VD-1221 VD-1221 SV-03 46 (Resistors; ± 220 1.5K 100 1W 15 1/2W 15 1/2W 220 2200pF 4.7pF 0.02uF 0.1uF 250V 2SC945 or 2S	3X 3X 2X 2X 2X 5%, 1/4W U Y Y Y Y Y X Y Y Y Z X X X X X X X X X X	208 mless oth 309 311 312	2SC3	945 oted.) 5W 5W	1: X X X-Y Y		1 1			

PB-1047

R401 402 403 404 405 406	15K 5.6K 15K 5.6K 150 150	LW LW LW LW LW LW	2X 2X 1X 1X 1Y 1Y	R407 408 409 410 411 412	82K 10K 150K 1K 3.3K 1.5K	3Y 4Y 3Z 4Y 4Y 4Y	R413 414 415 416 417 418	10 8.2K 10 8.2K 4.7 4.7	2W 2W 5W 5W	3X 3X 4X 4Y 4Y 3X
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C401 402 403 404 405	luF 100 luF 100 220uF 16 220uF 16 100uF 63	0V E 6V E 6V E 8V E	2Z 1Y 2X 1X 2Y	C410 411 412 413 414	100uF 100uF 100uF 47uF 10uF	100V 100V 100V 50V 10V	E E E E E		1Y 2Z 1Z 3Z 3Y 3Y	
406 407	100uF 63 100pF	BV E C	1Y 2Y	415 416	10uF 100uF	50V 25V	E		4Y	
408	100pF	С	lY	417	4.7uF 0.luF	50V 100V	E C		4Z 2Y	
409	100uF 100	)V E	2¥	418	0.1ur	1004			21	
Q401	2SD382	2X	Q404	2SC94		4Z	]			
402 403	2SB537 2SC945	1X 4Z	405 406	2SC94 2SC94		3Y 3Y				
							1			
D401	1N4558A	2Y	D409	1N400		3Z		L401 402	2.2uH 2.2uH	2X-3X 4X
402 403	1N4558A 1N4001	1Y 2Y	410 411	1N400 1N400		3Z 3Z		402	2.2un	-14
403	1N4001	1Y	412	1N400		3Z				
405	1N4003	12	413	1K188		3Z				
406 407	1N4003 1N4003	1Z 1Z	414 415	1N400 1K188		3Y 4Y				
407	1N4003 1N4003	12	110							
PB1048	202	1X	R706a	56K	19		R714	1.5	ĸ	ЗҮ
R701a 701b	22K 22K	2X	706b	56K	2Y		715	8.2	к	зх
702a	lok	lX	707a	47K	lY		716	1.5		3X 3Y
702b	10K 100	2X 1X	708 709	1.2K 33K	3Y 3Y		717	100	K	51
703а 703Ъ	100	2X	710	47K	3Y					
704a	ззк	lX	711	1.2M	ЗҮ	-				
704b	33K 1.8K	2X 1X	712 713a	1.2M 18K	3Y 2Y					
705а 705Ъ	1.8K	2X	713b	18K	24					
			<u> </u>				1			
C701a	4.7uF	10V T	1Y		C706a	221			E	2Y 2Y
701b 702a	4.7uF 10uF	10V T 50V E	2Y 1X		706Ъ 707	221 2201			E E	3X
702a 702b	10uř	50V E	2X		708	2201	F	35V	E	зх
703a	4.7uF	25V T	14		709	2201			E	3X 3X
703b 704	4.7uF 10uF	25V T 25V E	2Y 3Y		710 711	2201 331			E E	3X 3Y
704	10ur 10uF	25V E	3Y		712	10			E	ЗҮ
I	1									
Q701a	2SC945	1X	Q70		945	3Y 2V				
701b 702a	2SC945 2SC945	2X 1X	70		2945 2945	3Y 3Y				
702a 702b	25C945 2SC945	2X	70		21940	3Y				
L	1			l						
D701a		or 181555 1Y	D704a		or 1815		D707		-713 or 15	
701b		or 181555 2Y	704b 705a		or 1815 or 1815		708 709		-713 or 15: +003	2Y
702а 702Ъ		or 181555 1Y or 181555 2Y	705a 705b		or 1815		710		+003 +003	24
702b 703a	WG-713	or 181555 1Y	706a	WG-713	or 1815	55 lX	711		L88	3Y
703Ъ	₩G-713	or 181555 2Y	706Ъ	WG-713	or 1815	55 2X	712	lN	+002	ЗХ
	T									
VR701a 701b	100K-B 100K-B	1X 2X								
1010	TOOK-B	۷۸								

### PB-1011

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R801 a,b	180K	±5%	R821	562	±18	Q804a,b	2SA561
802 a,b	4.7K	11	822	392	11	805a,b	2SC734
803 a,b	22K	11	823	280	11	806	2SC734
804 a.b	82K	11	824	196	11	807 a-g	2SA561
805 a,b	lok	11	825	140	11	808 a-g	2SA561
806 a,b	18K	"	826	97.6	11	809 a-g	2SC734
807 a,b	6.8K	**	827	239	11	810 a-g	2SC734
808	2.7K	**	0001	100-FT 25V	-	811 a-g	2SC734
809 a-g	820	11	C801	100uF 35V	E	812 a-g	2SC734
810 a-g	820	11	802	0.luF	С	D001 - 1	wG713
811 a-g	1.2M	11	803	100uF 35V	E	D801 a,b	
812 a-g	1.2M	"	804	0.luF	E	802 a,b	WG713
813 a-g	lK	"	805a,b	4.7uF 25V	Т	803	BZ192
814 a-g	1K		806a,b	luF 25V	Т	805 a-g	WG713
815 a-g	4.7K		807a,b	0.022uF	М	806 a-g	WG713
816 a-g	4.7K	11	808	10uF 25V	E	807 a-g	WG713
810 a-g 817 a-g	56K	11	809	10uF 25V	Е	808 a-g	WG713
818 a-g	56K		0801a,b	2SC734		VR801 a,b	47K-B
	22K	11	802a,b	2SC734		802 a,b	1K-B
819 a-g	22K 22K		803a,b	2SC734		002 a,D	TV-D
820 a-g	22K		003a,D	200704			

PB-1012

LED L1 - 7	GL-31AR
Rl - 7	GL-31AR
LED	GL-52AY

PB-1015

Rl01 a,b50K102 a,b470K103 a,b820K104 a,b150K105 a,b22K106 a,b68010715K10815K	Cl01 a,b 102 a,b 103 104 Ql01 a,b 102 a,b	2.2uF 2.2uF 220uF 220uF 2SC1745 2SC1745		P P E E	D101 a,b 102 103 VR101 a,b	VD1221 BZ120 BZ120 50K-B
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PB-1049

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D501	1N4003





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	LEDU1-7.M-7	6L-31AR		0 384 a. 0 305 a	280427
7101-91	(E)	6L-52AY		Q384b Q385b	288557
	0101.102ab	2SC1745		0301. 3015. 302. 3025	181555
P8-1015	0101.a.b	VB-1221		Oten	280382
	0162.103	82-120		Oterz	258537
	Q 201. 202	2 S A 9 3 1		0403~ 406	28C845
	Q 203. 204. 208. 207	2801507	P8-1047	D401.402	114557A
	0 zos	25A839		0483.404.414	184801
re-1043	0208	250845		D 405 412	1N4003
	D 201. 202	VD-1221		D413.415	1 K 1 8 8
	Dyte	E0-13		0701.102a.b.700~705	256945
				0706	2501840
			00 1040	0.701 ~ 708a b.707.708	W6-713
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	ISE SPECIFIED, ALL RESISTORS ARE IN OHM	ARE IN OHM		0705.710	114003
TRANSISTORS AN	ATTAIL, ALL DATAULIUNS ARE IN MIGNUTANAU RANSISTORS AND BIODES MAY BE REPLACED WITH ANY	WITH ANY		0711	11,188
TYPES HAVING C	OMPARABLE RATINGS.	ALE THE BIDHE		8712	184002
TO ALTER THE C	DUE TO CUMTIMUCU THE PART OF A VESTATE THE MIGHT TO ALTER THE CIRCUIT OR SPECIFICATIONS.		PB-1049	0501	184003